



DAILY CURRENT AFFAIRS 10-12-2025

GS-1

1. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay
2. Sudden Stratospheric Warming (SSW) Event

GS-2

3. Monroe Doctrine
4. INS Gharial

GS-3

5. National Mission on Edible Oils (NMEO)

Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay

Syllabus: GS-1; Modern History

Context

- The family of Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay, the composer of *Vande Mataram*, recently praised the Prime Minister for marking 150 years of India's national song.



About Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay

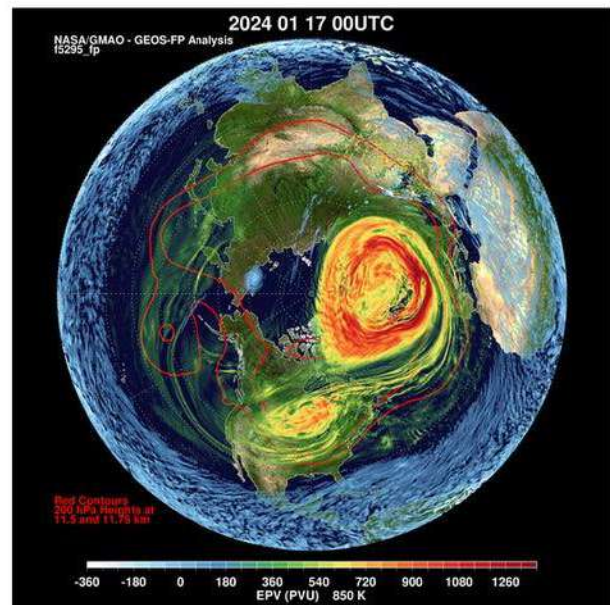
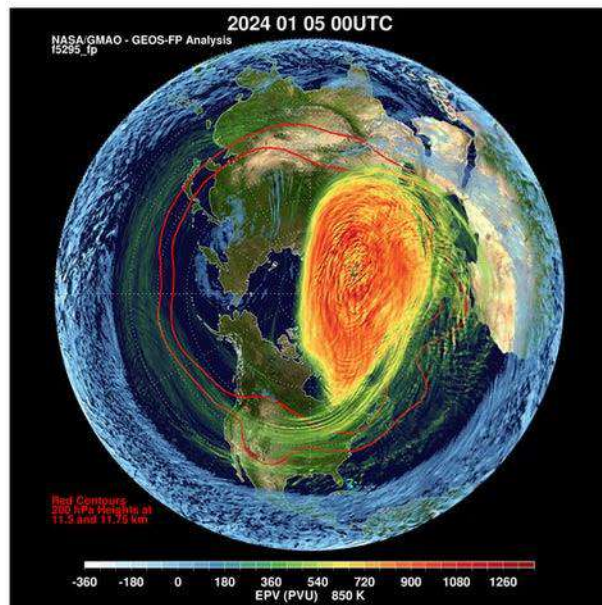
- One of India's greatest novelists and poets; also known as *Bankim Chandra Chatterjee*.
- Author of **Vande Mataram**, India's national song.
- Born: **27 June 1838**, Kantalpara (24 Parganas, Bengal).
- One of the first graduates of the University of Calcutta; later earned a law degree.
- Began as a poet; later turned to fiction.
- First Bengali romance: **Durgeshnandini (1865)**.
- Other notable novels: **Kapalkundala, Mrinalini, Vishbriksha, Chandrasekhar, Rajani, Rajsimha, Devi Chaudhurani**.
- Most famous work: **Anand Math (1882)** – set during the Sannyasi Rebellion.
- *Vande Mataram* (in Sanskrit) is part of this novel.
- Rabindranath Tagore first sang it in the 1896 INC Session (Kolkata).
- Adopted as **national song** on **24 January 1950**.
- Died on **8 April 1894**.
- Regarded as *Sahitya Samrat*; influenced modern Bengali prose & nationalism.

Sudden Stratospheric Warming (SSW) Event

Syllabus: GS-1; Geography

Context

- Meteorologists have warned of another SSW event likely to bring colder-than-average temperatures in parts of the U.S.



About SSW

- Rapid warming (10–30 km altitude) of the **stratosphere** that weakens/distorts the polar vortex.
- Caused when **Rossby waves** break over the polar vortex → winds reverse.
- Results in:
 - Polar vortex splitting or displacement,
 - Cold air intrusion into mid-latitudes.

Polar Vortex

- Large low-pressure cold-air system over the poles.
- Exists year-round; strongest in winter.
- Influences jet streams and cold waves across N. America, Europe, Asia.

Monroe Doctrine

Syllabus: GS-2; Polity

Context

- The U.S. National Security Strategy described Trump's approach as "flexible realism" and suggested reviving the **Monroe Doctrine** to reaffirm the U.S. zone of influence in the Western Hemisphere.



About Monroe Doctrine

- Announced by U.S. President **James Monroe in 1823**.
- Prevented European interference in the Americas.
- Drafted mainly by **John Quincy Adams**.
- Asserted U.S. neutrality in European conflicts.
- Triggered by fears of:
 - Russian expansion in Alaska,
 - Spanish colonial resurgence,
 - British influence in Americas.
- Invoked to justify U.S. dominance in the Western Hemisphere.
- Gained real power post **Spanish-American War (1898)**.
- Guided U.S. isolationism through the 19th century.

INS Gharial

Syllabus: GS-2; International Relations, GS-3; Defence and Security

Context

- INS Gharial deployed for **Operation Sagar Bandhu** to aid cyclone-hit Sri Lanka.



About INS Gharial

- Magar-class amphibious warfare vessel.
- Second indigenously built Landing Ship Tank (Large).
- Built by Hindustan Shipyard Ltd. & GRSE.
- Commissioned: **14 Feb 1997**.
- Part of **Eastern Fleet**.
- Capacity:
 - 2 helicopters,
 - 10 Vijayanta tanks,
 - 4 Landing Craft Assault.
- Armed for beach assault support.

National Mission on Edible Oils (NMEO)

Syllabus: GS-3 – Agriculture, Food Security, Government Schemes

Context

NMEO advancing India's **Atmanirbhar Bharat** vision by boosting domestic edible oil production and reducing import dependence (currently ~55–60%).

Raw material		Oil yield (%)	Raw material		Oil yield (%)
Peanut		44-55	Safflower		29-45
Soybean		18-21	Grape Seeds		18-20
Castor seed		50-70	Corn embryo		30-40
Mustard Seeds		35-46	Walnut		40-65
Cottonseed		33-40	Flaxseed / Linseed		29-44
Rapeseed		33-40	Palm Kernel		50-55
Sesame		45-50	Copra		35-45
Sunflower		45	Hemp seed		19-26

About NMEO

Objective: Achieve **self-sufficiency in edible oils** through area expansion, improved productivity, and enhanced processing capacity.

Targets (2030–31):

- **Cultivation Area:** Increase from 29 to 33 million ha
- **Oilseed Production:** Increase from 39 to 69.7 million tonnes

- **Yield:** Raise to **2,112 kg/ha**
- **Domestic Edible Oil Production:** **25.45 million tonnes**
- **Import Reduction:** Aim to significantly reduce India's edible oil import bill (₹1.3–1.5 lakh crore annually)

Key Features

- Focus on **mustard, groundnut, soybean, sunflower, sesame, safflower, niger**.
- Includes support for **research, seed hubs, processing units, storage, and value chain strengthening**.
- Emphasis on **climate-resilient** and **high-oil-content** varieties.
- Encourages **Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs)** for better market access.

Two Components

1. NMEO – Oil Palm (2021)

Aimed at boosting **oil palm cultivation** and domestic production of **Crude Palm Oil (CPO)**.

Targets:

- **6.5 lakh ha** oil palm area by **2025–26**
- **28 lakh tonnes** CPO production by **2029–30**

Additional Points:

- Special focus on **North-East** and **Andaman & Nicobar Islands** (high rainfall, suitable climate).
- Assured **Viability Price (VP)** mechanism to protect farmers from price volatility.
- Support for **nurseries, drip irrigation, processing mills, and replanting** of old palms.

2. NMEO – Oilseeds (2024–31)

Focuses on self-reliance in **traditional oilseeds**.

Key Interventions

- Quality seed production & distribution (seed minikits).
- Promotion of **hybrids, high-yielding** and **disease-resistant** varieties.
- Expansion in **rice-fallow areas** and **intercropping** models.

- Strengthening **value chains, processing infrastructure**, and **market linkages**.
- Support for **bio-inputs, micronutrients**, and **mechanisation**.

Funding Pattern

- **Central:State = 60:40** (General States)
- **90:10** (NE & Himalayan States)
- **100%** (Union Territories)